

1) Analyze and sketch a graph of the function $f(x) = \frac{2x^2}{2x^2 + 1}$

① Zeros: $(0, 0)$
 $2x^2 = 0$
 $x = 0$

② Vertical asymptotes
 $2x^2 + 1 = 0$
complex so no V.A.

③ Horizontal asymptote

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2}{2x^2 + 1} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2x^2}{2x^2 + 1} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

④ critical points: $f'(x) = 0$ or $f'(x)$ is undefined

$$f'(x) = \frac{4x(2x^2 + 1) - 2x^2(4x)}{(2x^2 + 1)^2} = \frac{8x^3 + 4x - 8x^3}{(2x^2 + 1)^2} = \frac{4x}{(2x^2 + 1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = 0 \text{ when } 4x = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0 \text{ (critical point } (0, 0))$$

⑤ possible inflection pts. $f''(x) = 0$ or $f''(x)$ is undefined

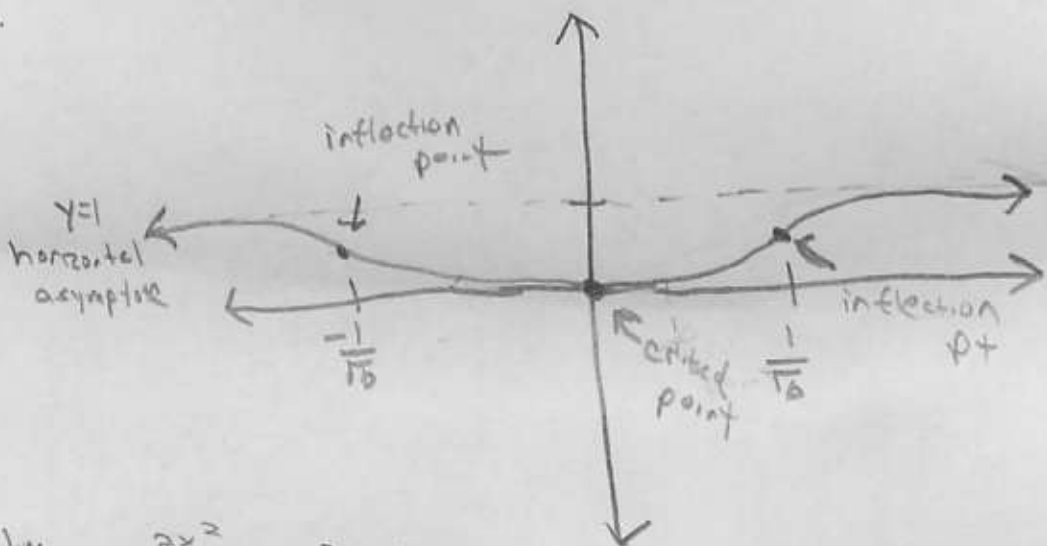
$$f''(x) = \frac{4(2x^2 + 1)^2 - 4x(2(2x^2 + 1))(4x)}{(2x^2 + 1)^4} = \frac{(2x^2 + 1)[4(2x^2 + 1) - 16x^2(2)]}{(2x^2 + 1)^4}$$

$$= \frac{8x^2 + 4 - 32x^2}{(2x^2 + 1)^3} = \frac{-24x^2 + 4}{(2x^2 + 1)^3}$$

$$f''(x) = 0 \text{ when } -24x^2 + 4 = 0$$

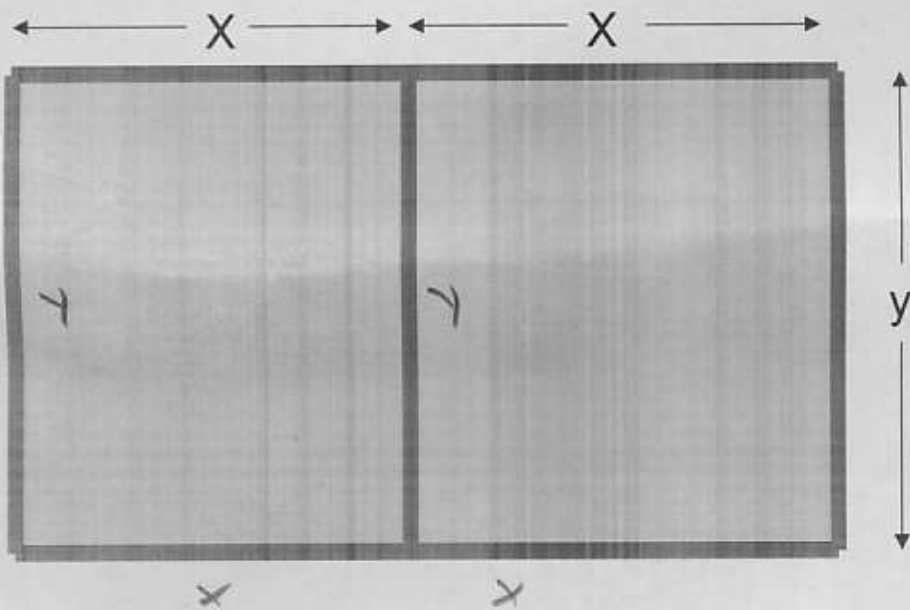
$$x^2 = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{6}}$$



| Table: | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| inc/dec | - | + | |
| increasing | $(0, \infty)$ | decreasing | $(-\infty, 0)$ |
| concave | - | + | - |
| concave down | $(-\infty, 1/\sqrt{6})$ | $(1/\sqrt{6}, \infty)$ | c.p. $(\pm 1/\sqrt{6}, 1/6)$ |

2) A rancher has 200 feet of fencing with which to close two adjacent rectangular corrals. What dimensions should be used so that the enclosed area will be maximum?



$$4x + 3y = 200$$

Primary | $A = 2(xy)$ ① goal maximize A.

secondary | Maximize $4x + 3y = 200$ ft

$$4x = 200 - 3y$$

$$x = 50 - \frac{3}{4}y \quad \text{②}$$

Substitute ② into ①

$$A = 2(50 - \frac{3}{4}y)(y)$$

$$A = 100y - \frac{3}{2}y^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dy} = 100 - 3y = 0$$

$$-3y = -100$$

$$y = 33\frac{1}{3} \text{ feet}$$

$$y = 33\frac{1}{3} \text{ feet}$$

$$x = 50 - \frac{3(33\frac{1}{3})}{4}$$

$$x = 50 - 25$$

$$x = 25 \text{ feet}$$

Maximum:
when

$$x = 25 \text{ feet}$$

$$y = 33\frac{1}{3} \text{ feet}$$

check boundaries

① $y=0 \Rightarrow A=0$ so Max

② $x=0 \Rightarrow A=0$